



Optimizing and Accelerating Product Development efficiency with "One Model, One Solver", OptiStruct

Junji Saiki – SVP Head of OptiStruct Development



Altair OptiStruct Evolution

1990s

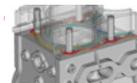
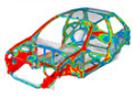
Linear Statics
Normal Modes
Inertia Relief
Topology Optimization
Size Optimization
Topography Optimization
Shape Optimization

2000s

Complex Eigenvalue
Frequency Response
Response Spectrum
Transient Response
Buckling
Heat Transfer
Super Elements
Random Vibration

Present

Nonlinear Statics
Large displacement
Rotor dynamics
Composites
Contacts
Hyperelasticity
Brake squeal
Post Buckling
Nonlinear Transient
Plasticity
Aeroelasticity
Fatigue
Explicit Dynamic
Electrical Analysis
Piezoelectricity
Forming



Optimization

2

OptiStruct v1.0
INDUSTRY WEEK's
Technology of the Year

NVH

Nonlinear



Altair OptiStruct - Complete and Competitive Solutions

Linear/Nonlinear Static

Response Spectrum/DDAM

Fatigue

Normal Modes

Linear/Nonlinear Steady State
Heat Transfer

Aeroelasticity

Linear Buckling

Explicit

Complex Modes – Brake
Squeal

Linear/Nonlinear Transient
Thermal

Electrical Analysis

Frequency Response (Modal,
Direct)

Rotor Dynamics

Piezoelectricity

Linear/Nonlinear Transient
Response (Modal, Direct,
Fourier)

Acoustics – Infinite
Element/APML

One step Forming

Electrostatic

NVH (Coupled Fluid-Structure
FR)

CFD – Cooling (Q4 2025)

Cavity Radiation (Q4 2025)

Random Response

OptiStruct Vision

**THE Solver for linear and non-linear Analysis
with powerful Optimization Technology**

One Model, One Solver (Multi-Physics)
Pervasive Optimization
High Scalability



BIW : OptiStruct Workflow

One Model One Solver

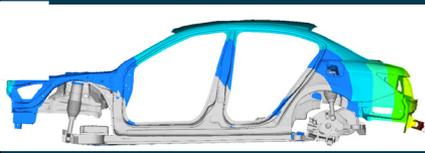
Single Input file with Multiple Load cases

No model conversion needed in order to run different loadcases



Design Optimization with multiple Design Criteria

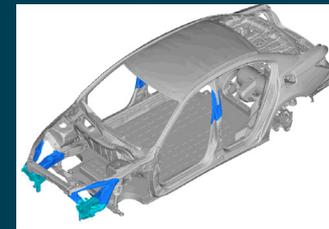
MBD Road Simulation to FE-Load



Vibration
OptiStruct



Brake Load, Speed
Bump, Pothole
NL Static
OptiStruct



Modal Transient
OptiStruct



PSD Fatigue
OptiStruct

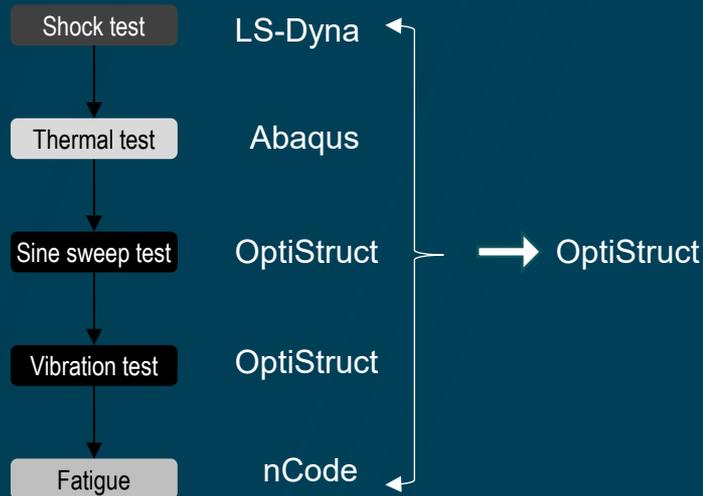
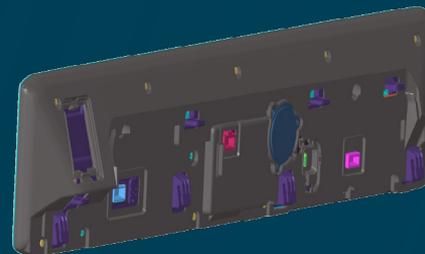
One Model, One Solver at LGVS

Complex fatigue analysis reduced development time for vehicle infotainment components by more than 20%

TROY, Mich., July 31, 2024 – [Altair](#) (Nasdaq: ALTR), a global leader in computational intelligence, and [LG Electronics Vehicle component Solutions Company](#) (LG VS Company) have collaborated to develop analysis solutions aimed at extending product lifespans. LG Electronics reduced the development time for their vehicle infotainment components by over 20% with the help of Altair OptiStruct – an optimization-enabled structural analysis software and key product in the Altair® HyperWorks® design and simulation platform.



One Model, One Solver | Altair OptiStruct



Multi-Physics – OptiStruct

Static Mechanical

- Stiffness analysis
- Bolt slippage and bolt stresses
- Cooling plate overpressure
- Lifting analysis (sagging-bulging)

Dynamic Mechanical

- Modal Analysis
- Vibration Fatigue
- Pack weld fatigue
- Module mechanical Shock

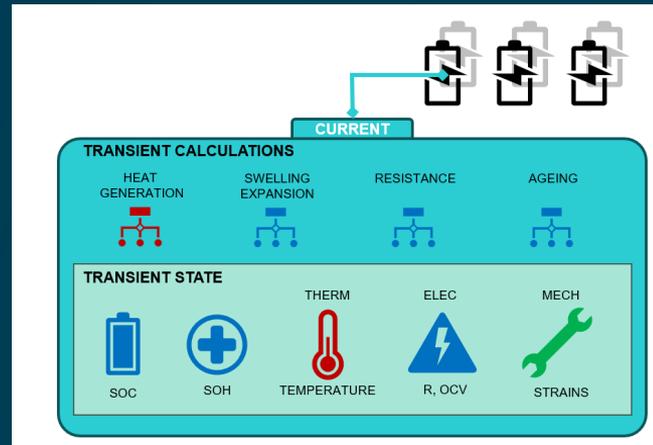


Thermo Electric Mechanical

- OCV v SOC
- Rate Capability Charge & Discharge
- Hybrid Pulse Power Characterization
- Cycle Life Ageing
- Storage
- Rapid Charging / Discharging Charging
- Swelling - Mechanical
- Thermo Electric Mechanical Fatigue

Optimization

- Weight Optimization
- Multi Attribute Performance
- Optimization
- Cell / Module / Pack Layout
- Optimization



Altair® OptiStruct®



THERMO ELECTRIC MECHANICAL

Explicit Dynamic Analysis

Target Use case for OptiStruct

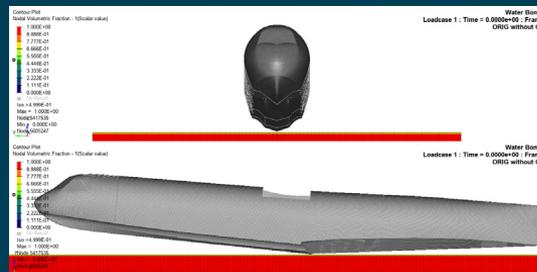
Impact Analysis

- Roof Crash, Side pole impact, Seat Belt Anchorage etc...
- Drop tests (consumer goods, containers, ...)



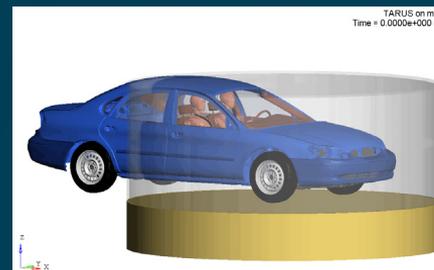
Fluid Structure Interaction

- Sloshing & Slamming problems especially in shipbuilding industry
- Wave impacts on offshore structures
- Ditching of aero planes
- Bird strikes, water, debris, ice impacts,

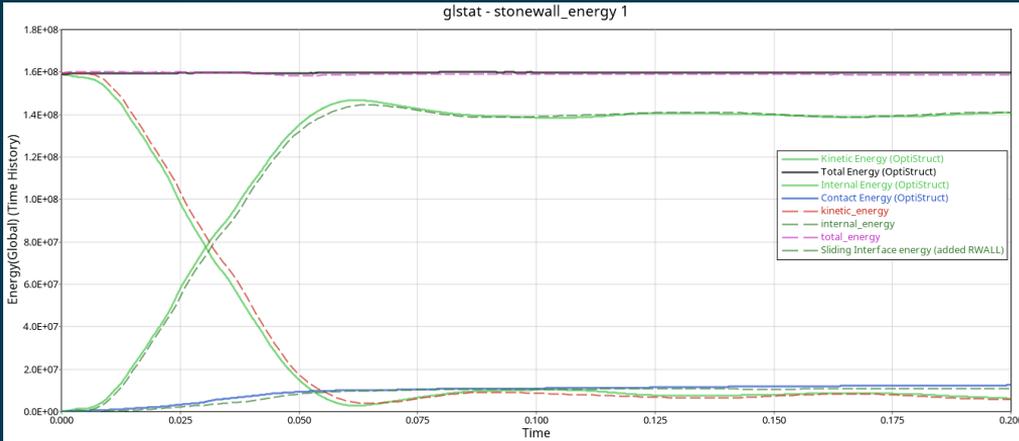
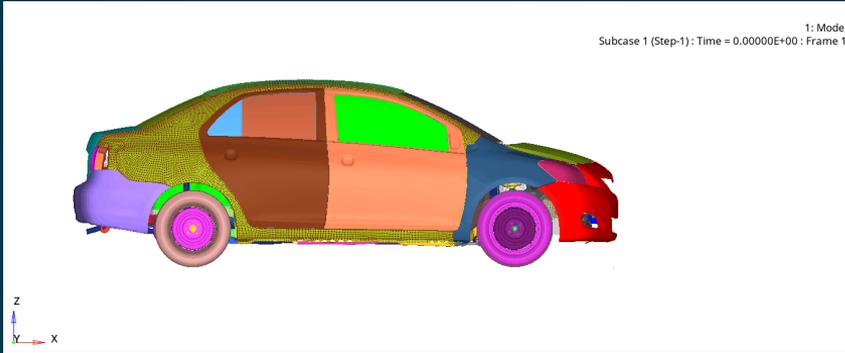


Blast & Hydrodynamic Impacts

- Explosion mechanism studies
- Blast effects on structures (effect of a mine on a vehicle, ..)
- Military systems functioning (shape charges, ...)



YARIS CRASH



FINITE ELEMENT MODEL DATA INFORMATION :

```

*****
Total # of Grids (Structural)      : 1498230
Total # of Elements Excluding Contact: 1612604
Total # of N2S Contact Elements (3D) : 236516 (Explicit)
Total # of E2E Contact Elements (3D) : 51020 (Explicit)
Total # of Rigid Elements         : 3996
Total # of Rigid Element Constraints : 185231
Total # of Local Coordinate Systems : 4564
Total # of Degrees of Freedom     : 8022843
(Structural)
Total # of Non-zero Stiffness Terms
for this Local Domain              : 46522614
    
```

Element Type Information

```

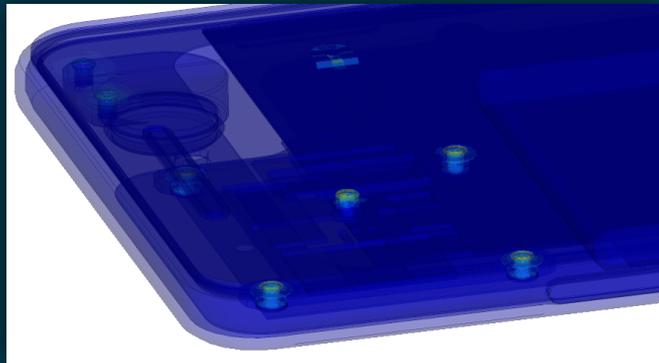
CBEAM   Elements   :    313
CHEXA   Elements   :  249668
CTETRA  Elements   :    186
CPENTA  Elements   :   9949
CONM2   Elements   : 193605
CQUAD4  Elements   : 1079146
CTRIA3  Elements   :  63952
CBUSH   Elements   :   4521
JOINTG  Elements   :    44
    
```

# of cores	OptiStruct	Radioss
32	2:27:37	2:55:50

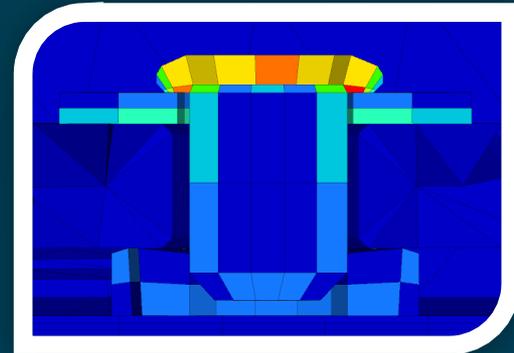
Implicit – Explicit Continuation

Implicit subcase and Explicit subcase in single input file

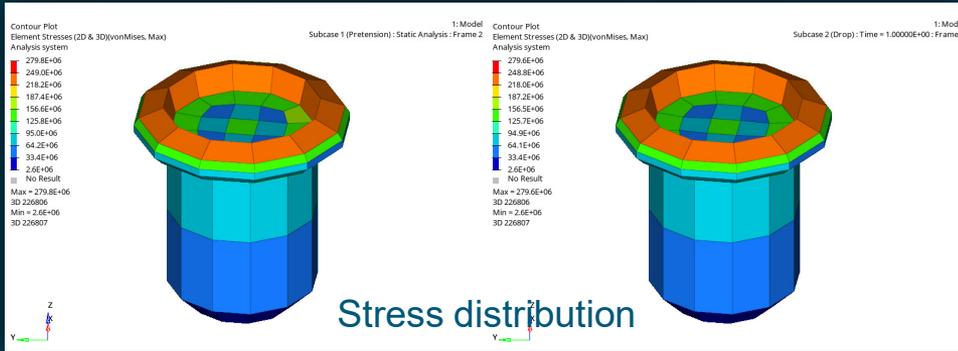
Explicit subcase continues from the end of implicit simulation



Implicit results (Tightening the screw)

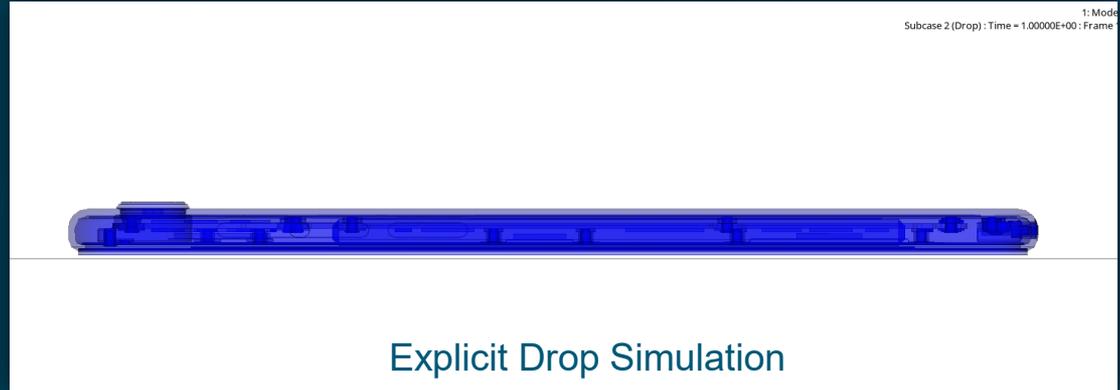


Implicit – Explicit Continuation

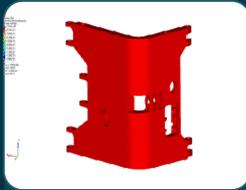


At the end of Implicit subcase

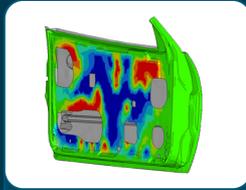
Beginning of Explicit subcase



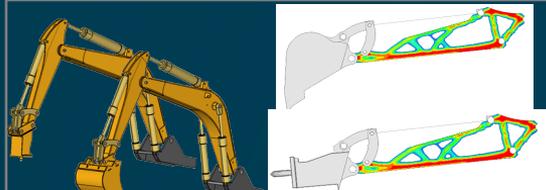
Optimization



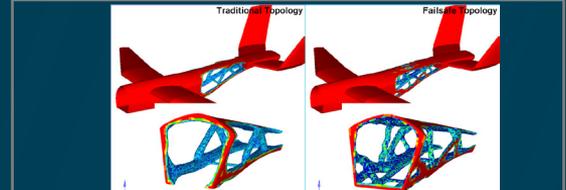
Topology



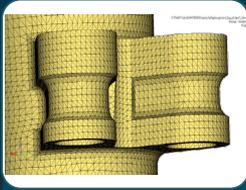
Topography



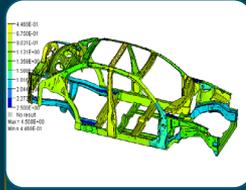
Multi Model Optimization



Failsafe Topology



Shape



Size



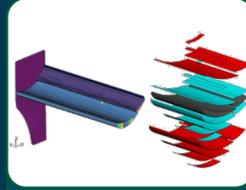
Composite Layout



Multi Material Optimization



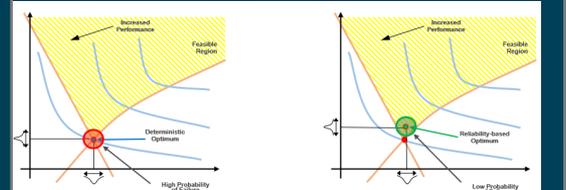
Free Shape



Free Size

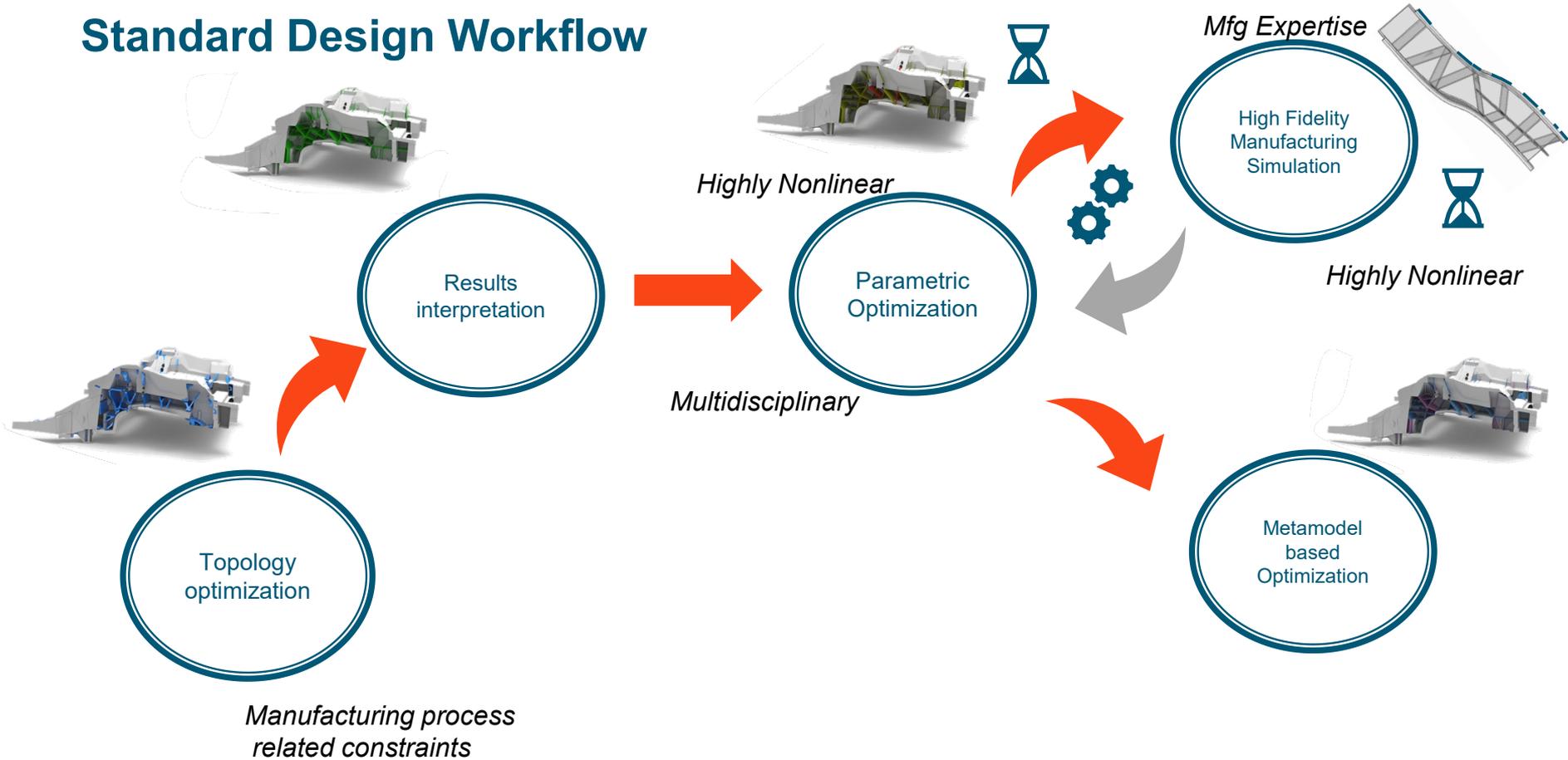


Lattice Structures

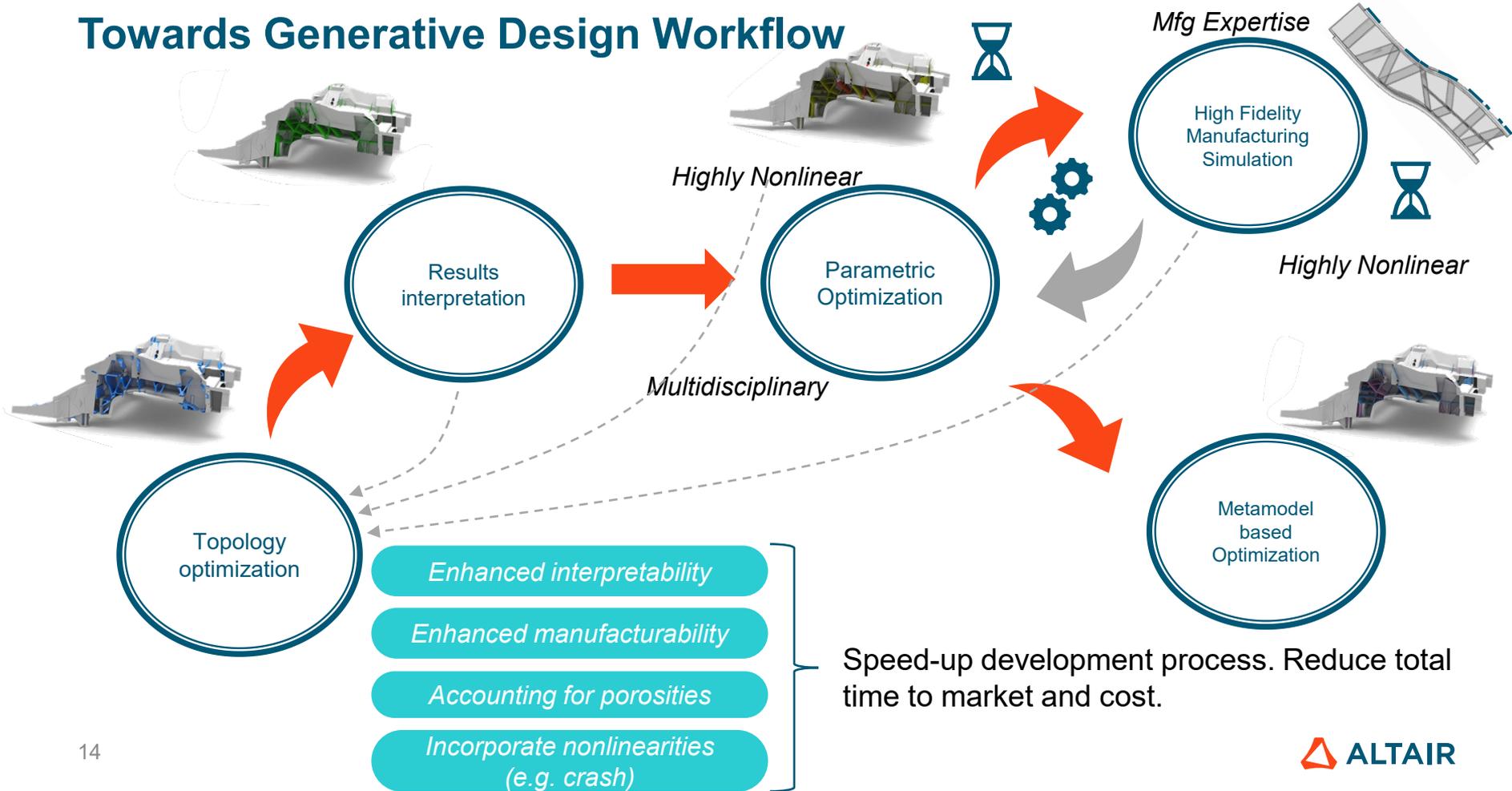


Reliability-based Design Optimization

Standard Design Workflow

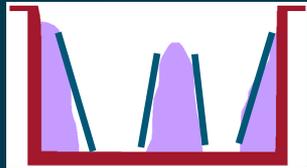
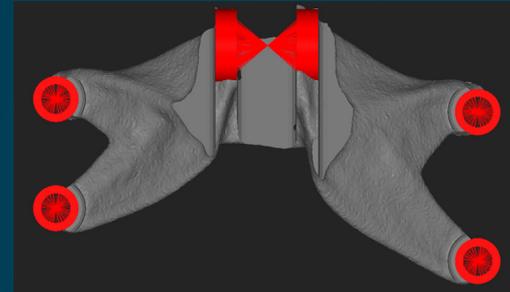
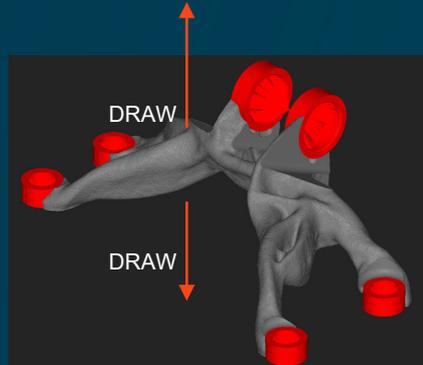
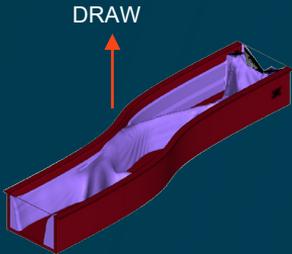
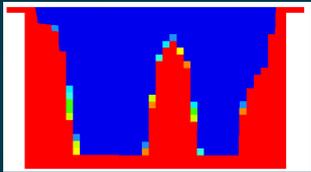


Towards Generative Design Workflow



Enhanced Manufacturability and Interpretability

- **Draft-Angle Constraint**
 - Ease of part removal, Minimize Mold damage etc...



Draft Angle

Up to 10 different directions

NOHOLE option to support filling available from 2025.1

Auto-Mesh Refinement in Topology Optimization

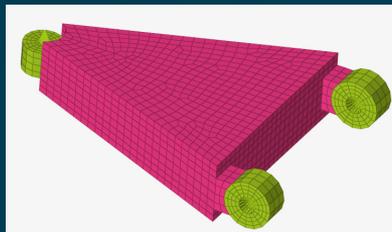
Motivation and Capabilities

Why?

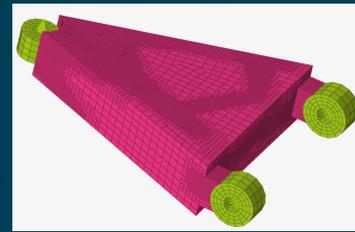
- To get more detailed results
- To reduce solution time

How?

- Use coarse meshes but internally and automatically refine them iteratively based on topology optimization results. **Utilize the power of HyperMesh meshing capability.**
- **Target Release : v2026 (end of the year)**

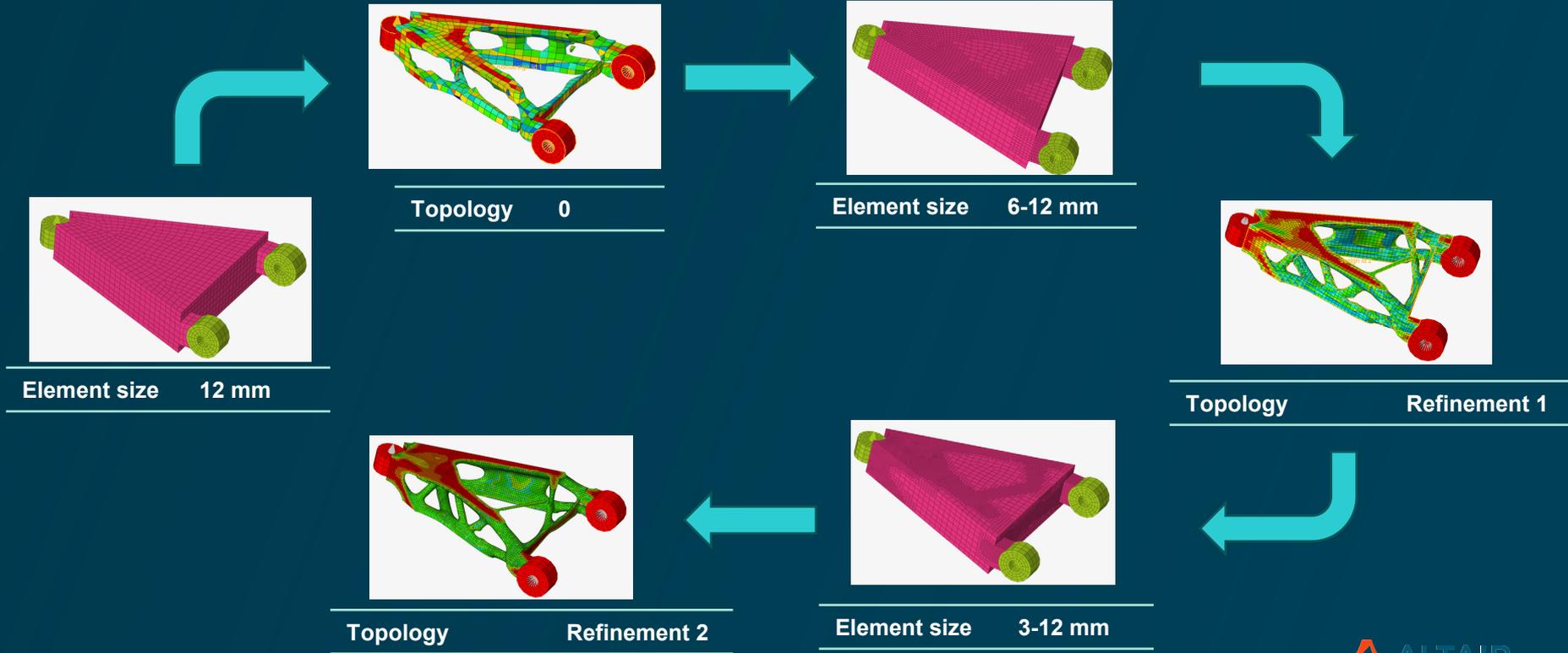


Initial Mesh

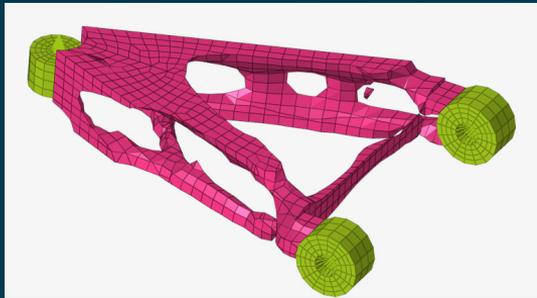
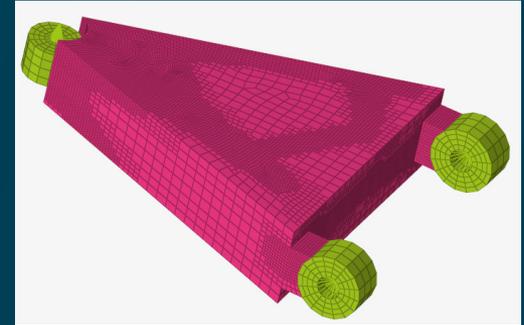
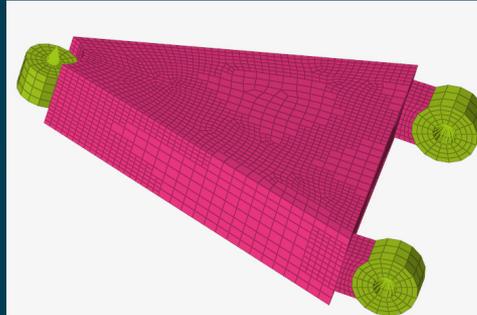
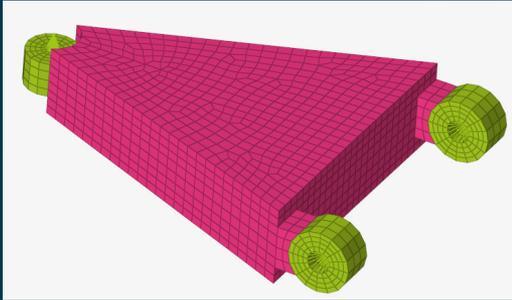


Automatically Refined Mesh

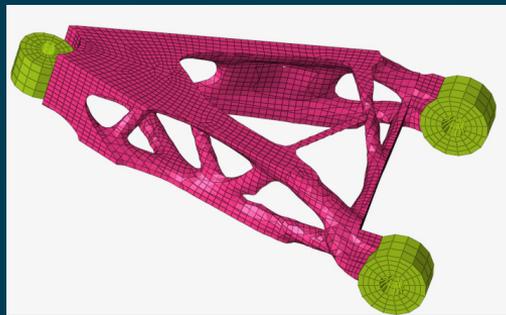
Auto-Mesh Refinement Example



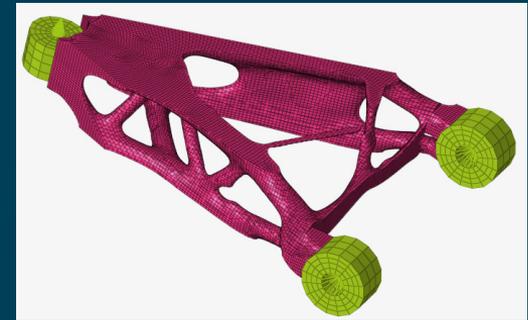
Auto-Mesh Refinement Example



Topology 0



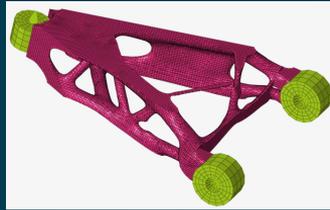
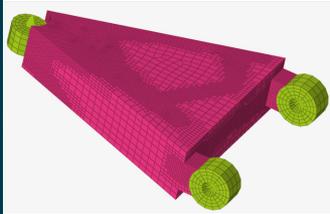
Topology Refinement 1



Topology Refinement 2

Performance Comparison

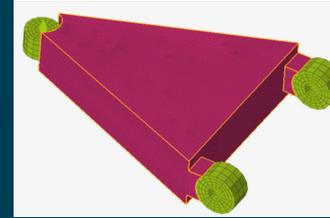
Refinement 2



1	VOLUM	Volume	--	--	TOTL	1.395E+06	MIN			
2	DISPL	DISP	1	2699	TXYZ	1.991E-02	<	2.000E-02	0.0	A
2	DISPL	DISP	2	2699	TXYZ	4.983E-02	<	5.000E-02	0.0	A
2	DISPL	DISP	3	2699	TXYZ	3.986E-02	<	4.000E-02	0.0	A

Element size	3 to 12 mm
# elements	99,020
# iterations	64 (including ref 1 and 0)
Run time	1 h 1 min (all runs)

Reference Solution using Fine mesh



1	VOLUM	Volume	--	--	TOTL	1.415E+06	MIN			
2	DISPL	DISP	1	2699	TXYZ	1.992E-02	<	2.000E-02	0.0	A
2	DISPL	DISP	2	2699	TXYZ	4.986E-02	<	5.000E-02	0.0	A
2	DISPL	DISP	3	2699	TXYZ	3.985E-02	<	4.000E-02	0.0	A

Element size	3 mm
# elements	223 872
# iterations	41
Run time	4 h 20 min

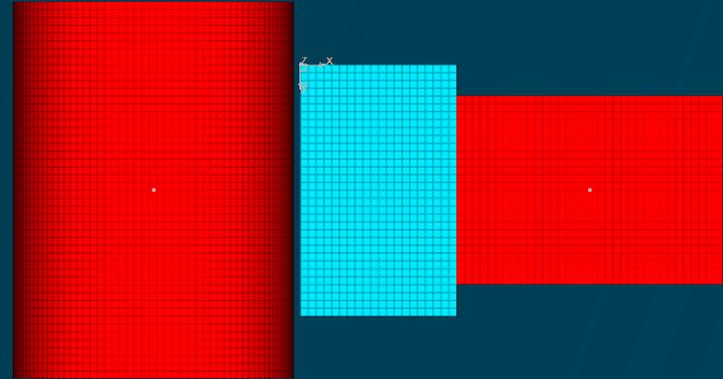
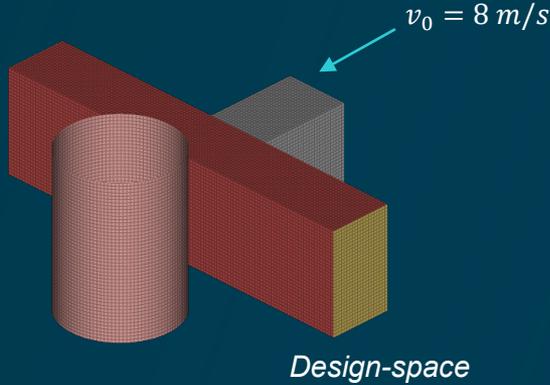
Topology shape, volume and constrains are similar in both results, but the refined answer was about 4 times faster.

Topology Optimization with Explicit Analysis

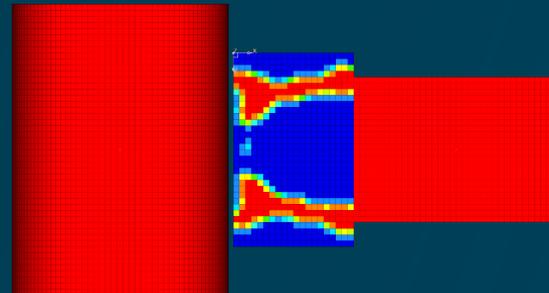
Extruded Rocker

$\min \text{ compl,}$
 $s. t. v_f \leq 0.3$

Manu. Constr.:
• Extrusion



Optimized design



Summary:

- 17 design iteration
- Shell interpretation necessary for further evaluation

Topology Optimization with Explicit Analysis

Battery Pack

\min *compl*,
s. t. $vf \leq 0.3$

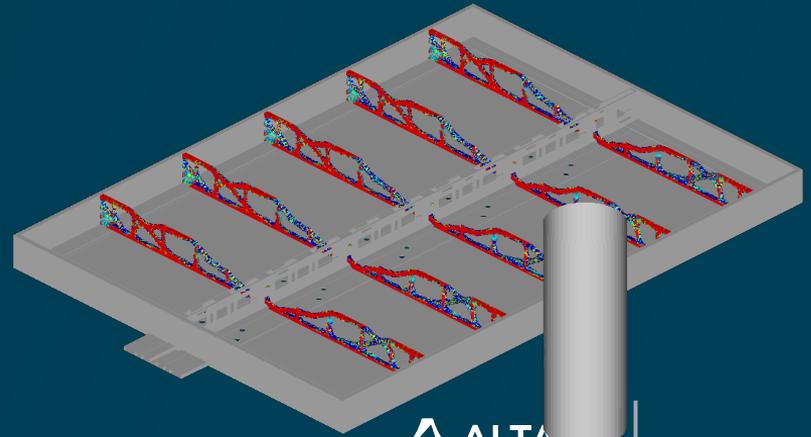
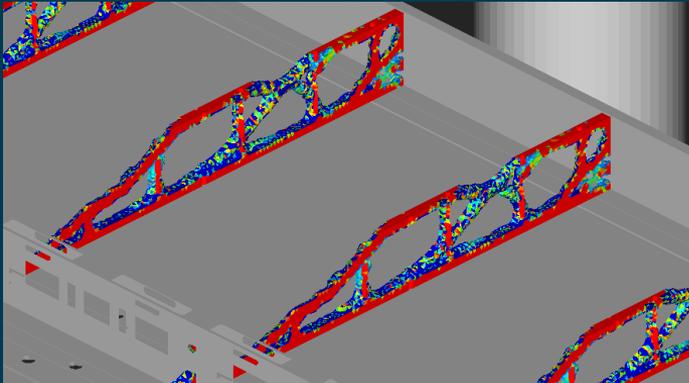
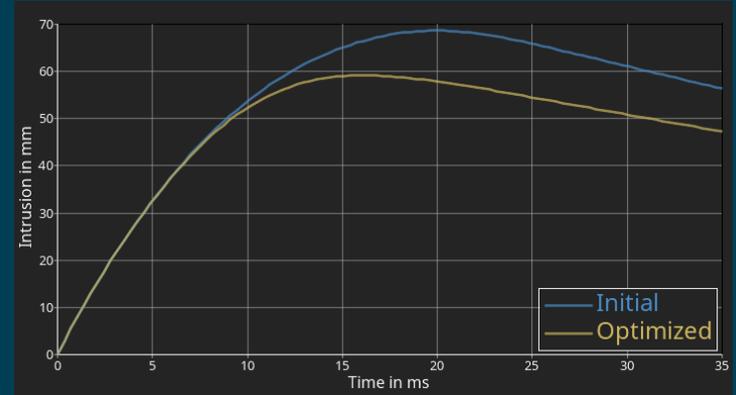
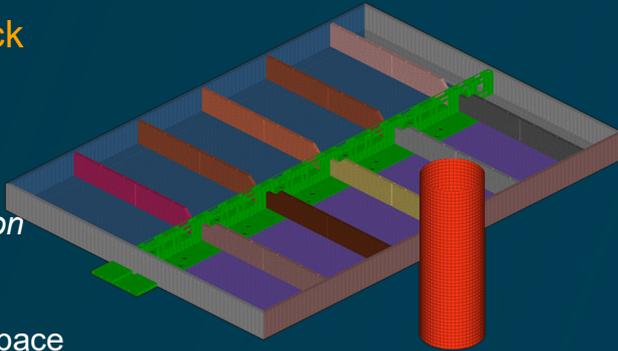
Manu. Constr.:

- *Pattern Repetition*

≈ 1 M. elements

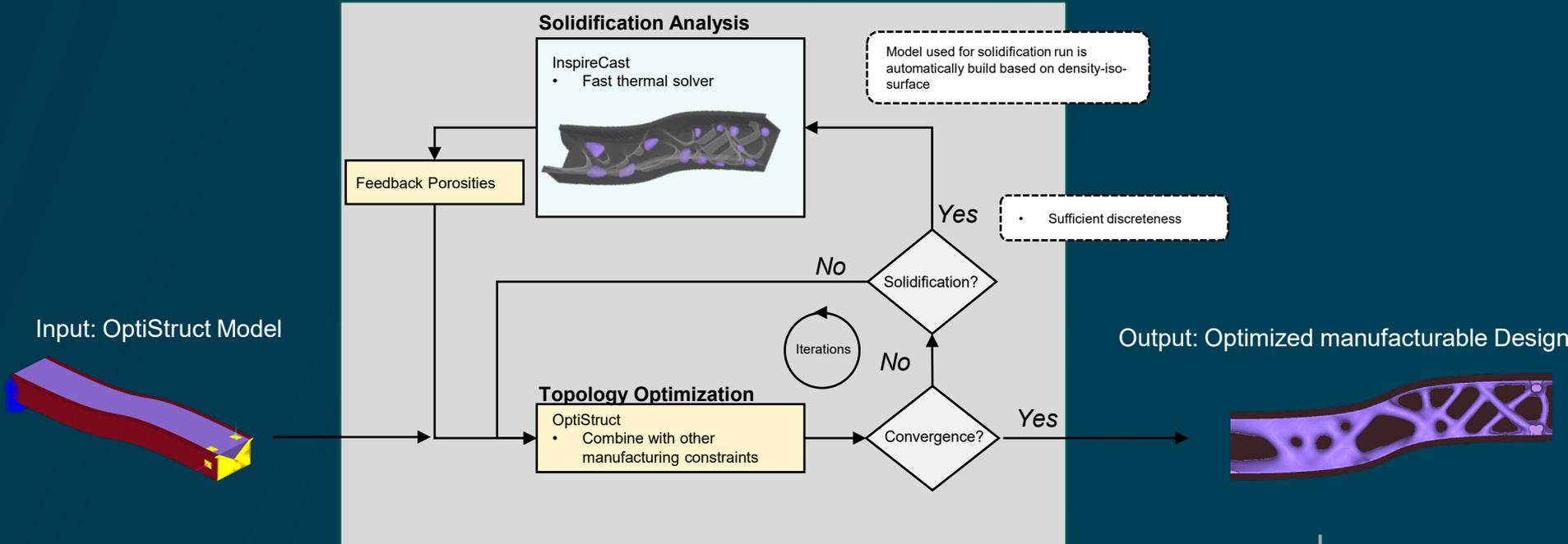
500k tetra design-space

550k shell elements

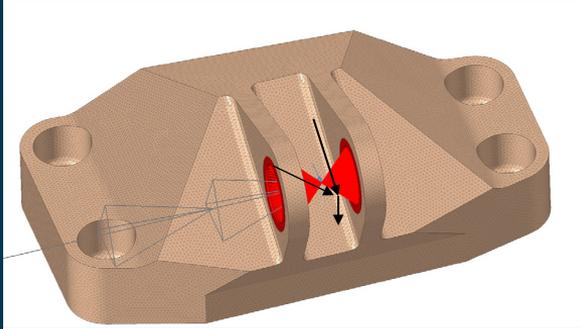


Topology Optimization coupled with Inspire Cast

Topology Optimization to take into account the porosities from Casting Solver



Example – Jet Engine Bracket



$\min \text{comp},$
 $s.t. \text{vf} \leq 0.1$
 $v.m.str \leq 903.$

Manu. Constr.:

- Mindim
- Split Draw
- Draft Angle

Summary:

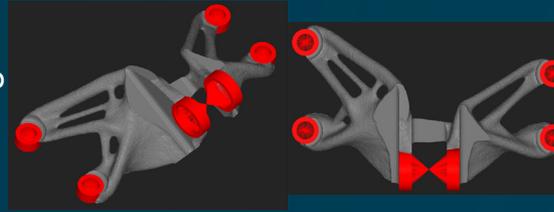
- Standard result is infeasible due to stresses
- Similar number of iterations
- Best compliance with coupling

Standard Top.-Opt.

Coupled with Casting Solver

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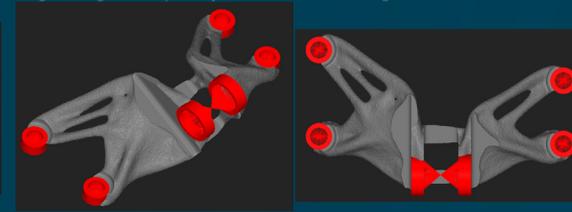
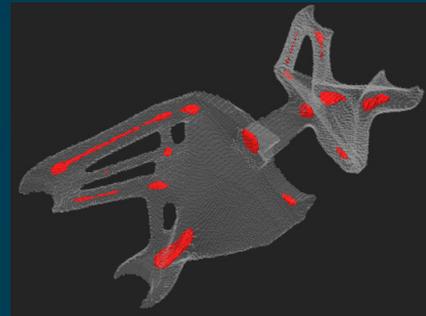
Final Design



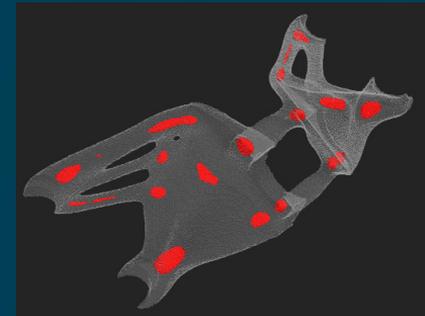
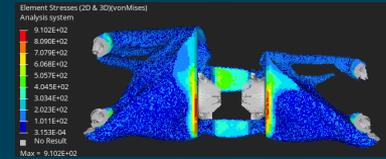
Converged design
 comp: 5.311E4,
 constraint violation: 0.4 % A
 Discreteness: 70.%

Post-processed design
 comp: 5.583E4 ,
constraint violation: 5.2% V

Porosities



Converged / Post-processed design
 compl: **5.297E+04**
constraint violation: 0.8% A
 Discreteness: 71.%



Why OptiStruct?

Injecting Efficiencies and Innovation

Process Improvement



1

Multi-Physics

One model, multiple attributes, one solver.

NVH, Durability, Electrical, Thermal, Multiphysics, etc.



2

Optimization

Innovation

Weight reduction

Sustainability



3

Accurate Results

Open Solutions

Physics, "do it right"

Interface with 3rd parties



4

Business Model

Power of Unique License model

Partnership with support and special development





 **Thank You**